

POISON
KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

GENFARM
BROMOXYNIL 400
HERBICIDE

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 400 g/L BROMOXYNIL
present as the N-OCTANOYL ESTER
SOLVENT: 427 g/L LIQUID HYDROCARBON

GROUP **C** HERBICIDE

Crops: Cereals, linseed, clover, lucerne, turf, fallow and non-crop situations.
Weeds: A range of broadleaf weeds as per the Directions for Use table.

IMPORTANT: READ THIS BOOKLET BEFORE USE

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DIRECTIONS FOR USE

RESTRAINTS:

DO NOT apply by mister machines.

DO NOT apply if crops or weeds are stressed due to excessively dry or moist conditions.

DO NOT apply to diseased or frost affected crops or turf or if frosts are imminent.

DO NOT apply when rain is expected within 3 hours.

DO NOT apply to lucerne crops or clover based pastures or turf in temperatures above 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application.

DO NOT apply when windspeed is less than 3 or more than 20 km per hour at application site.

DO NOT apply during surface temperature inversion conditions at application site.

DO NOT apply with smaller than COARSE spray quality according to ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles.

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE
Wheat, Barley, Cereal rye, Oats and Triticale: including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medic (Vic only); Linseed; Clover or Lucerne Pastures; Lotus seed or forage crops (Qld only)	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.), Black Bindweed (Climbing buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>), Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Common Peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>), Corn Gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Lesser Swinegrass (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mountain Sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Saffron Thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>), Three-Horned Bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricoratum</i>), Tree Hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 35mm in diameter
		Up to the 6 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter
	Mexican Poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>), Three-cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Turnip Weed (Giant mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>), Wild Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>) Wireweed ^{##} (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Paterson's Curse [#] (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter
	Fumitories [#] (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.)	
	Pheasant's Eye (<i>Adonis microcarpa</i>), Birds Eye (Carrot Weed) (<i>Cotula australis</i>)	Up to the 4 true leaf stage Greater than the 4 true leaf stage
	Fireweed (<i>Senecio</i> spp.)	Seedlings Early flowering stage

STATE	RATE/Ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
All States	700 mL	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Cereal, Rye, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillered (Z13-30). Linseed: 50 to 150mm high.
	1 L	Lucerne and Clover: After seedlings have one trifoliolate leaf or before there is 150mm regrowth in established stands. Lotus: Apply post-emergence at least 4 weeks after sowing (crop seedlings with a minimum of 2-6 true leaves). APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged. Good coverage of the spray on the weed is essential. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). For optimum control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. CAUTION: Lucerne and Clover: This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. Linseed: DO NOT spray linseed by aerial application. Lotus: Some initial scorching of leaves may occur in some cases. Medics: Application to some cultivars of Medics may result in unacceptable crop damage in some situations. [#] Effective control of Paterson's Curse and Fumitories will only be obtained under good growing conditions. ^{##} Where Wireweed is growing under stress, it has been found to be less susceptible.
All States	1 L	
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA, WA only		
SA only	350 mL	DO NOT use where undersown medics occur.
	700 mL	
Qld, NSW, ACT only	1.4 L	Apply during the Autumn-Winter period when weeds are young and actively growing. Not effective on mature plants.

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE
Wheat, Barley, Cereal Rye, Oats and Triticale: including those undersown with Clover, Lucerne or Medics; Clover Seed Crops	Amsinckia (<i>Amsinckia</i> spp.), Capeweed (<i>Arctotheca calendula</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Charlock (<i>Sinapis arvensis</i>), Corn Gromwell (Ironweed, Sheepweed) (<i>Buglossoides arvensis</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Hexham Scent (King Island Melilot) (<i>Melilotus indicus</i>), Horned Poppy (<i>Glaucium flavum</i>), Indian Hedge Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium orientale</i>), Lesser Swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mexican Poppy (<i>Argemone ochroleuca</i>), Mintweed (<i>Salvia reflexa</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>), Rough Poppy (<i>Papaver hybridum</i>), Saffron Thistle (<i>Carthamus lanatus</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>), Slender Thistle (<i>Carduus tenuiflorus</i>), Turnip Weed (Giant Mustard) (<i>Rapistrum rugosum</i>), Wild Radish (<i>Raphanus raphanistrum</i>)	Up to the 5 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter
	Common Peppergrass (<i>Lepidium africanum</i>), Tree Hogweed (<i>Polygonum patulum</i>)	
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>)	
Wheat, Oats, Barley, Triticale alone or with undersown lucerne and clover	Common Sowthistle (<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i>)	
		Up to 4 leaves
		4-8 Leaves
Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale	Three-cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter

STATE	RATE/Ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
WA only	375 mL PLUS 440mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L OR 375 mL PLUS 470 mL MCPA 750 g/L	CROP STAGE: Cereals: 3 leaf to fully tillered. (Z13-30). Clover: Apply after clover seedlings have at least three trifoliolate leaves. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). Apply only when weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop.
Vic, SA only	700 mL PLUS 440 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L OR PLUS 470 mL MCPA 750 g/L	CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shortim wheat cultivars. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover. A slight burning of clover may occur. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable.
Vic only		This product may be tank mixed with Diclofp-methyl for control of Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats in wheat and barley only.
Vic, SA only		DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if using a tank mix with Diclofp-methyl.
Qld, Northern NSW only		APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged. Good coverage of the spray on the weed is essential. Apply only in the Autumn and Winter (mid-April to end of August). For optimum control, apply only when the weeds are actively growing and before the weeds are shielded by the crop. CAUTION: Lucerne and Clover: This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover. DO NOT apply to Persian clover or Berseem clover.
	700 mL	Strictly for use on small weeds early in crop before shading out. CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to mid tillering (Z13-23). Use a minimum spray volume of 70L/ha. If Group B resistance is suspected, or weeds have grown through a previous application of chloresulfuron apply 1.1 L/ha.
	1.1 L	CROP STAGE: Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale: 3 leaf to full tillering (Z13-30). This product will cause slight leaf burning of undersown lucerne and clover.
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	700 mL PLUS 440 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L OR 700mL PLUS 470 mL MCPA 750 g/L	CROP STAGE: 5 leaf to fully tillered (Z15- 30): Apply under good growing conditions. BOOM SPRAYING: Use a minimum of 220 L spray per hectare on Black bindweed when crop is greater than 300 mm high. CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shortim wheat cultivars. DO NOT mix with 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. DO NOT apply to medics (WA only). This product may be tank mixed with Diclofp-Methyl for control of Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats in Wheat and Barley only. DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if using a tank mix with Diclofp-Methyl. APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged.

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE
Wheat, Barley, Oats and Triticale – <i>continued</i>	Fumitories (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.)	Up to the 4 leaf stage or when plants are no more than 50mm in diameter
	Wild Mustard (<i>Sisymbrium</i> spp.), Wild Turnip (<i>Brassica tournefortii</i>)	
	Cleavers	2-4 stems + 1-3 whorls of leaves/stem
	Three-cornered Jack (Doublegee, Spiny Emex) (<i>Emex australis</i>), Wireweed (<i>Polygonum aviculare</i>)	4-5 leaf stage
	Fumitories (<i>Fumaria</i> spp.)	
	Black Bindweed (Climbing Buckwheat) (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>), Chamomile (<i>Matricaria matricarioides</i>), Fat Hen (<i>Chenopodium album</i>), Field Madder (<i>Sherardia arvensis</i>), Lesser Swinecress (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>), Mountain Sorrel (<i>Oxalis acetosella</i>), Purple Calandrinia (<i>Calandrinia menziesii</i>), Paterson's Curse (Salvation Jane) (<i>Echium plantagineum</i>), Shepherd's Purse (<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i>), Three-Horned Bedstraw (<i>Gallium tricornutum</i>), Variegated Thistle (<i>Silybum marianum</i>)	5-8 leaf stage
Grain Sorghum	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea ionchophylla</i>), Bellvine (<i>Ipomoea plebeia</i>)	Up to 4 leaves
	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea ionchophylla</i>)	4-8 leaves
	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea ionchophylla</i>), Bellvine (<i>Ipomoea plebeia</i>), Morning Glory (<i>Ipomoea purpurea</i>), Bladder Ketmia (<i>Hibiscus trionum</i>), Annual Ground Cherry (<i>Physalis angulata</i>), Fierce Thornapple (<i>Datura ferox</i>), Anoda Weed (<i>Anoda cristata</i>)	Up to 4 leaves 4-8 leaves

STATE	RATE/Ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic only	700 mL PLUS 440 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	<p>CROP STAGE: 5 leaf to fully tillered (Z15-30): Apply under good growing conditions.</p> <p>BOOM SPRAYING: Use a minimum of 220 L spray per hectare on Black bindweed when crop is greater than 300 mm high.</p> <p>CAUTION: Some crop damage and/or yield loss may occur in Olympic and Shortim wheat cultivars.</p> <p>DO NOT mix with 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if wheat, oats, barley or triticale are undersown with lucerne, clover or medics unless some damage is acceptable. DO NOT apply to medics (WA only).</p> <p>This product may be tank mixed with Diclofop-Methyl for control of Annual Ryegrass and Wild Oats in Wheat and Barley only.</p> <p>DO NOT use 2,4-D or MCPA tank mix if using a tank mix with Diclofop-Methyl.</p> <p>APPLICATION: Refer to General Instructions. Avoid application when maximum daily temperatures above 20°C occur, or are likely to occur for a few days after application, as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged.</p>
Qld, Vic only	OR	
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas only	700mL PLUS 470 mL MCPA 750 g/L	
WA only		
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, Tas, SA only	1.1 L PLUS 440 mL of 2,4-D Amine 625 g/L	
Qld, NSW, ACT, Vic, SA only	OR PLUS 470 mL MCPA 750 g/L	
All States		
Qld, NSW only	750 mL	<p>CROP STAGE: 4-12 leaf stage. This product may cause transient leaf burn of some sorghum varieties.</p> <p>APPLICATION: Beyond the 6-8 leaf stage of the crop, dropped nozzles should be used to minimize chemical being sprayed into the whorl and on upper leaves of the crop and to reduce shading of weeds.</p> <p>Use on small weeds early in the crop life to prevent shading out of the weeds. Spray when weeds are actively growing and not when drought stressed.</p> <p>Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha.</p>
	1.0 L	
Qld, NSW only	750 mL PLUS 1.1 kg/ha Atrazine 900 g/kg	<p>CROP STAGE: 4-12 leaf stage. This product may cause transient leaf burn of some sorghum varieties.</p> <p>APPLICATION: Beyond the 6-8 leaf stage of the crop, dropped nozzles should be used to minimize chemical being sprayed into the whorl and on upper leaves of the crop and to reduce shading of weeds.</p> <p>Use on small weeds early in the crop life to prevent shading out of the weeds. Spray when weeds are actively growing and not when drought stressed. Use a minimum spray volume of 70 L/ha. Add a non-ionic surfactant.</p> <p>DO NOT use on sandy soils.</p>
	1.0 L PLUS 1.1 kg/ha Atrazine 900 g/kg	

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	WEED STAGE
Fallow & Non Crop	Cowvine or Peachvine (<i>Ipomoea ionchophylla</i>)	Up to 6 leaves
		Up to 8 leaves
	Climbing Buckwheat (<i>Fallopia convolvulus</i>)	Cotyledon to mature, vining plants
	Volunteer Conventional Cotton (<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>)	Cotyledon to 6 leaves
Volunteer Roundup Ready* Cotton (<i>Gossypium hirsutum</i>)		
Pastures	Adonis (Pheasant's Eye), Bird's Eye (Carrot Weed)	Up to 4 leaves
		More than 4 leaves
	Doublegee, Wild Radish	Up to 4 leaves
	Matricaria	Up to 3 leaves
	Fireweed	Seedlings
Early flowering		
Pastures, Roadsides and Rights of Way	African Daisy (<i>Senecio pterophorus</i>)	Up to and including the flowering stage
	Boneseed/Bitou Bush (<i>Chrysanthemoides monilifera</i>)	Seedlings only

STATE	RATE/Ha	CRITICAL COMMENTS
Qld, NSW, ACT only	700 mL	For all fallow and non-crop situations: Complete coverage is essential, plants which are shaded by stubble or other weeds will not be controlled. Weeds that are drought stressed and sprayed under hot conditions may not be adequately controlled. The addition of glyphosate will provide broader spectrum weed control where needed. Refer to the Compatibility section for appropriate glyphosate products. The rate of Glyphosate used should be robust for the conditions and sufficient to control the hardest-to-kill weed in the situation. For general fallow weed control application volumes above 50 L/ha are recommended.
	1.1 L	
	750 mL alone or 500-750 mL plus Glyphosate	
Qld, NSW, WA, NT only	750 mL alone or 500-750 mL plus Glyphosate	For volunteer cotton control, including Roundup Ready* varieties a minimum spray volume of 80 L/ha should be used. Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide alone or with Glyphosate will not provide satisfactory control of ratoon or "stub" cotton.
	750 mL alone or plus Glyphosate	
SA only	350 mL	Apply in May-June. Medics may be severely scorched at the low rate and killed at the high rate.
	700 mL	
WA only	750 mL	DO NOT apply to polymorpha medics.
	375 mL	Avoid application to clover-based pastures in temperatures over 20°C or when temperatures above 20°C may follow for some days after application; as seedling mortality may occur and established plants may be damaged.
Qld, NSW, ACT only	700 mL	Apply with low volume boom spray during Autumn/Winter, when weeds are young and actively growing. Not effective on mature plants.
	1.4 L	
SA only	150 mL / 100 L water	The plants, including the stems, must be thoroughly wet to the point of run-off. Apply when the plants are actively growing.
Vic, Tas only	80 mL / 100 L water	Genfarm Genwet 1000 should be added at 120 mL per 100 L of spray. A follow-up treatment may be necessary for large, well established plants. Ensure an overall spray coverage on weed seedlings.

SITUATION AND CROP	WEEDS CONTROLLED	STATE
Turf: Established Couch (including Queensland Blue), Buffalo, Bent, Paspalum, Kikuyu, Fescue, and Rye lawns	Bindy-eye (<i>Calotis hispidula</i>), Jo-jo (<i>Onehunga</i>) (<i>Soliva pterosperma</i>), Cudweed (<i>Gnaphalium</i> spp.)	All States

NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS AUTHORISED UNDER APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION

WITHHOLDING PERIOD

CROP HARVEST: NOT REQUIRED WHEN USED AS DIRECTED.

CEREALS, PASTURES: DO NOT GRAZE TREATED CROPS OR CUT FOR STOCKFOOD FOR 8 WEEKS AFTER APPLICATION

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

Before opening, carefully read Directions for Use, Precautionary and Protection Statements, Storage and Disposal, Safety Directions and First Aid Instructions. Use only at recommended growth stages of crops and weeds. DO NOT use on crops other than recommended.

MIXING INFORMATION

To ensure even mixing, half fill the spray tank with clean water and add the required amount of this product. Agitate thoroughly, then add the remainder of water. Agitate again before spraying commences.

APPLICATION

Boom Sprayer

USE ONLY low boom equipment set up to provide good coverage of weeds within the crop canopy.

USE ONLY coarse spray quality according to ASAE S572 definition for standard nozzles.

Apply 50-200 L (WA: 50-100 L) of water per hectare. Calibrate the machine before use to ensure that the correct application rate is obtained. Check height of boom above the crop to ensure that the spray is evenly distributed. A minimum of 160 L and preferably 200 L of water per hectare is recommended where the weed infestation is heavy or the crop cover is dense.

Aerial Application

Apply a minimum of 22 L of water per hectare. Markers should always move upwind before aircraft passes overhead. Application by Micronair equipment may give variable results.

RATE			CRITICAL COMMENTS
PER HA	HIGH VOL / 100 L	PER 15 L KNAPSACK	
3.0 L / 500 L water	150 mL	30 mL/ 100 m ²	Apply evenly over the area to be treated. A slight browning of grasses, especially Paspalum, may occur in hot conditions

EQUIPMENT MAINTENANCE

After use, wash equipment thoroughly and rinse several times prior to re-use. Wash sprayer thoroughly with clean water after use. If using tank mixes with 2,4-D Amine 625 or MCPA Amine 750 apply with equipment that will not be used in 2,4-D and MCPA susceptible crops, particularly cotton and vines.

RESISTANT WEEDS WARNING

Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide is a member of the nitriles group of herbicides. Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide has the photosystem II inhibitor mode of action. For weed resistance management Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide is a Group C herbicide. Some naturally occurring weed biotypes resistant to Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide and other Group C herbicides may exist through normal genetic variability in any weed population. The resistant individuals can eventually dominate the weed population if these herbicides are used repeatedly. These resistant weeds will not be controlled by this product or other Group C herbicides.

Since the occurrence of resistant weeds is difficult to detect prior to use, Landmark Operations Limited accepts no liability for any losses that may result from the failure of Genfarm Bromoxynil 400 Herbicide to control resistant weeds. However resistance should not be assumed without first viewing the method of application, the coverage and the timing of application.

GROUP	C	HERBICIDE
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RE-ENTRY PERIOD

DO NOT allow entry into treated areas until the spray has dried, unless wearing cotton overalls buttoned to the neck and wrist (or equivalent clothing) and chemical resistant gloves. Clothing must be laundered after each day's use.

PROTECTION OF CROPS, NATIVE AND OTHER NON-TARGET PLANTS

Drift Warning: DO NOT apply under weather conditions, or from spraying equipment, that may cause spray to drift onto nearby susceptible plants/crops, cropping lands or pastures.

Note: Maximum daily temperatures at or above 20°C at application, or on days following treatment may result in seedling mortality and established plants may be damaged.

PROTECTION OF LIVESTOCK

Low hazard to bees. May be applied at any time as recommended in the Directions for Use.

PROTECTION OF WILDLIFE, FISH, CRUSTACEANS AND ENVIRONMENT

Dangerous to fish. DO NOT contaminate streams, rivers or watercourses with the chemical or used containers.

STORAGE AND DISPOSAL

Store in the closed, original container in a cool, well-ventilated area.

DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight.

Triple-rinse containers before disposal. Add rinsings to spray tank. DO NOT dispose of undiluted chemicals on-site. If recycling, replace cap and return clean containers to recycler or designated collection point.

This container can be recycled if it is clean, dry, free of visible residues and has the *drumMUSTER* logo visible.

Triple-rinse container for disposal. Dispose of rinsate by adding it to the spray tank. Do not dispose of undiluted chemical on site. Wash outside of the container and the cap. Store cleaned container in a sheltered place with cap removed. It will then be acceptable for recycling at any *drumMUSTER* collection or similar container management program site. The cap should not be replaced, but may be taken separately.

If not recycling, break, crush, or puncture and deliver empty packaging to an approved waste management facility. If an approved waste management facility is not available, bury the empty packaging 500 mm below the surface in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose, clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots, in compliance with relevant local, state or territory government regulations.

DO NOT burn empty containers or product.

110 L: Store the original sealed container in a cool well-ventilated area. DO NOT store for prolonged periods in direct sunlight. DO NOT tamper with the Micro Matic valve or the security seal. DO NOT contaminate the container with water or any foreign matter. After each use of the product, please ensure that the Micro Matic coupler delivery system and hoses are disconnected, triple rinsed with clean water and drained accordingly. When the contents of the container have been used, please return the container to the point of purchase.

SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Product is poisonous if inhaled or swallowed. May irritate the eyes and skin. Avoid contact with eyes and skin. DO NOT inhale spray mist. When preparing spray wear elbow-length PVC gloves and face shield. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use, wash gloves and face shield.

FIRST AID

If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre.

Phone Australia 131126, New Zealand 0800 764 766.

If swallowed DO NOT induce vomiting.

SAFETY DATA SHEET

For further information refer to the Safety Data Sheet, which can be obtained from the supplier.



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