1. IDENTIFICATION: PRODUCT IDENTIFIER AND CHEMICAL IDENTITY

Product Name: GENFARM TEBUCONAZOLE 430 FUNGICIDE

Recommended Use of the Chemical and Restriction on Use: Agricultural fungicide

Details of Manufacturer or Importer:
Landmark Operations Limited
Suite 3, Level 1, Building B
11 Talavera Road
Macquarie Park NSW 2113

Phone Number: 02 9889 5400

Emergency telephone number: National Poison Information Centre: 13 11 26

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Hazardous Nature:
Classified as Hazardous according to the Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS) and Safe Work Australia criteria.
Not classified as Dangerous Goods according to the Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail. (7th edition)

health hazard

Repr. 2 H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

environment

Aquatic Chronic 2 H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Acute Tox. (Oral) 4 H302 Harmful if swallowed.

Aquatic Acute 2 H401 Toxic to aquatic life.

Signal Word Warning

Hazard Statements
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H361 Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary Statements
P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.
P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P201 Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.
P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P330 Rinse mouth.

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41.0
P391 Collect spillage.
P405 Store locked up.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

3. COMPOSITION AND INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Chemical Characterization: Mixtures
Description: Mixture of substances listed below with nonhazardous additions.

Hazardous Components:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>107534-96-3 Tebuconazole</th>
<th>43%</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td>10 - 30%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Inhalation:
If inhaled, remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Seek medical attention if breathing problems develop.

Skin Contact:
In case of skin contact, immediately remove contaminated clothing and wash affected areas with water and soap. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Eye Contact:
In case of eye contact, hold eyelids open and rinse with water for at least 15 minutes. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Ingestion:
If swallowed, do not induce vomiting. Immediately rinse mouth with water. Give a glass of water. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Seek medical attention if symptoms occur.

Symptoms Caused by Exposure:
Inhalation: May cause mild respiratory irritation.
Skin Contact: May cause mild skin irritation.
Eye Contact: May cause mild eye irritation.
Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation to mucous membranes.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable Extinguishing Media: Use fire extinguishing methods suitable to surrounding conditions.

Specific Hazards Arising from the Chemical:
Hazardous combustion products include oxides of carbon and nitrogen, other nitrogen compounds, hydrogen cyanide, water and smoke.
The product is not combustible.

Special Protective Equipment and Precautions for Fire Fighters:
When fighting a major fire wear self-contained breathing apparatus and protective equipment.

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures:
Wear appropriate respiratory protection and protective clothing. Evacuate all non-essential personnel from affected area. Do not breathe vapours. Ensure adequate ventilation.

Environmental Precautions:
In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses.

(Contd on page 3)
Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:
Stop leak if safe to do so and absorb spill with sand, earth, vermiculite or some other absorbent material. If absorbent material is not available or spill is too large, create a dike to stop spill from spreading. Collect the spilled material and place into a suitable container for disposal.

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:
Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation of vapours.
Food, beverages and tobacco products should not be stored or consumed where this material is in use.
Always wash hands before smoking, eating, drinking or using the toilet. Wash contaminated clothing and other protective equipment before storage or re-use. Provide eyewash fountains and safety showers in close proximity to points of potential exposure.

Conditions for Safe Storage:
Store in a cool, dry and well ventilated area out of direct sunlight. Keep in original container, tightly closed when not in use. Keep away from strong oxidising agents, acids and bases.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS AND PERSONAL PROTECTION

Exposure Standards:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Substance</th>
<th>Exposure Standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol</td>
<td>NES TWA: 474<em>10** mg/m³, 150</em> ppm</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* vapour & particulates; **particulates only

Engineering Controls:
Provide exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep the airborne concentrations of vapour below occupational exposure standards.

Respiratory Protection:
Use an approved vapour respirator under conditions where exposure to the substance is apparent (e.g. generation of high concentrations of mist or vapour, inadequate ventilation, development of respiratory tract irritation) and engineering controls are not feasible. See Australian Standards AS/NZS 1715 and 1716 for more information.

Skin Protection:
PVC, rubber or butyl rubber gloves. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 2161 for more information.
When selecting gloves for use against certain chemicals, the degradation resistance, permeation rate and permeation breakthrough time should be considered.
Occupational protective clothing (depending on conditions in which it has to be used, in particular as regards the period for which it is worn, which shall be determined on the basis of the seriousness of the risk, the frequency of exposure to the risk, the characteristics of the workstation of each worker and the performance of the protective clothing). See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 4501 for more information.

Eye and Face Protection:
Eye and face protectors for protection against splashing materials or liquids. See Australian/New Zealand Standard AS/NZS 1337 for more information.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Property</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Appearance</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Form</td>
<td>Liquid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Colour</td>
<td>Off-white</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Odour Threshold</td>
<td>No information available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>pH-Value</td>
<td>4 - 7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
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10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: Hazardous polymerisation will not occur.
Chemical Stability: Stable at ambient temperature and under normal conditions of use.
Conditions to Avoid: Direct sunlight.
Incompatible Materials: Strong oxidising agents, acids and bases.
Hazardous Decomposition Products:
Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, other nitrogen compounds, hydrogen cyanide, water and smoke.

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>LD₅₀/LC₅₀ Values Relevant for Classification:</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD₅₀</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000 mg/kg (rat)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>107534-96-3 Tebuconazole</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Oral</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LD₅₀</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1700 mg/kg (rat)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3000 mg/kg (mouse)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inhalation</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC₅₀/4 h</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Acute Health Effects
Inhalation: May cause mild respiratory irritation.
Skin: May cause mild skin irritation.
Eye: May cause mild eye irritation.
Ingestion: Harmful if swallowed. May cause irritation to mucous membranes.

Skin Corrosion / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Serious Eye Damage / Irritation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Respiratory or Skin Sensitisation: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.
Carcinogenicity: This product does NOT contain any IARC listed chemicals.
Reproductive Toxicity:
Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.
Tebuconazole is classified by Safe Work Australia as Toxic to Reproduction Category 3.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Single Exposure:
Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Specific Target Organ Toxicity (STOT) - Repeated Exposure:
Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Aspiration Hazard: Based on classification principles, the classification criteria are not met.

Chronic Health Effects: No information available

Existing Conditions Aggravated by Exposure: No information available

Additional toxicological information:
The Australian Acceptable Daily Intake (ADI) for tebuconazole for a human is 0.03 mg/kg/day, set for the public for daily, lifetime exposure. This is based on the NOEL of 2.96 mg/kg/day, the level determined to show no effects during long term exposure for the most sensitive indicators and the most sensitive species. (Ref: Comm. Dept. of Health and Ageing Office of Chemical Safety, ‘ADI List’, June 2014).

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity:
Tebuconazole:
LD50 4438 mg/kg (male japanese quail)
LD50 2912 mg/kg (female japanese quail)
LD50 1988 mg/kg (bobwhite quail)
LD50 1.381 mg/kg (Worms, Eisenia foetida)

Aquatic toxicity:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>EC50</th>
<th>11.5 mg/L (daphnia)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>4.01 mg/L (algae)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>LC50</td>
<td>6.4 mg/L (rainbow trout)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>8.7 mg/L (golden orfe)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Persistence and Degradability: No information available

Bioaccumulative Potential: No information available

Mobility in Soil: Tebuconazole has low mobility in soil. Leaching is not expected to occur.

Other adverse effects: No information available

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal Methods and Containers: Dispose according to applicable local and state government regulations.

Special Precautions for Landfill or Incineration:
Please consult your state Land Waste Management Authority for more information.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number
ADG Not regulated
IMDG, IATA UN3082
Proper Shipping Name
ADG Not regulated
IMDG, IATA ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S.

Dangerous Goods Class
ADG Class: Not regulated
IMDG Class: 9 Miscellaneous dangerous substances and articles.

Packing Group:
ADG Not regulated
IMDG, IATA III

Marine pollutant: Yes
Symbol (fish and tree)

EMS Number: F-A,S-F
Hazchem Code: .3Z
Special Provisions: 179, 274, 331, 335, AU01
Limited Quantities: 5L

Packagings & IBCs - Packing Instruction: P001, IBC03, LP01
Packagings & IBCs - Special Packing Provisions: PP1
Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Instructions: T4
Portable Tanks & Bulk Containers - Special Provisions: TP1, TP29

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances:
107534-96-3 Tebuconazole
57-55-6 1,2-Propanediol
7732-18-5 Water

Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Drugs and Poisons (SUSMP) - Poison Schedule:
Poisons Schedule: 5

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Date of Preparation or Last Revision: 23.11.2015
Prepared by: MSDS.COM.AU Pty Ltd www.msds.com.au

Abbreviations and acronyms:
ADG: Australian Dangerous Goods
IMDG: International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods
IATA: International Air Transport Association
GHS: Globally Harmonised System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals
EINECS: European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances
ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances
CAS: Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical Society)
LD₅₀: Lethal concentration, 50 percent
LD₅₀: Lethal dose, 50 percent
IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer
STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit
TWA: Time Weighted Average

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NES: National Exposure Standard (Safe Work Australia - Workplace Exposure Standards For Airborne Contaminants)

Disclaimer
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